



Version 2



About this User's Guide

Introduction

This Dock Lifeguard electricity detection system is an important part of your family's safety on or around your boat dock.

Dock Lifeguard will continuously monitor for electricity around and on your dock and will display a warning strobe and audible alarm to warn you of trouble.

Thank you for making Dock Lifeguard a part of your dock safety program. With proper installation and use, Dock Lifeguard should provide you with years of dependable service.

Electricity Detection Safety Tips

Follow safety rules and prevent hazardous situations. Schedule annual electrical inspections of your dock to ensure local codes are met.

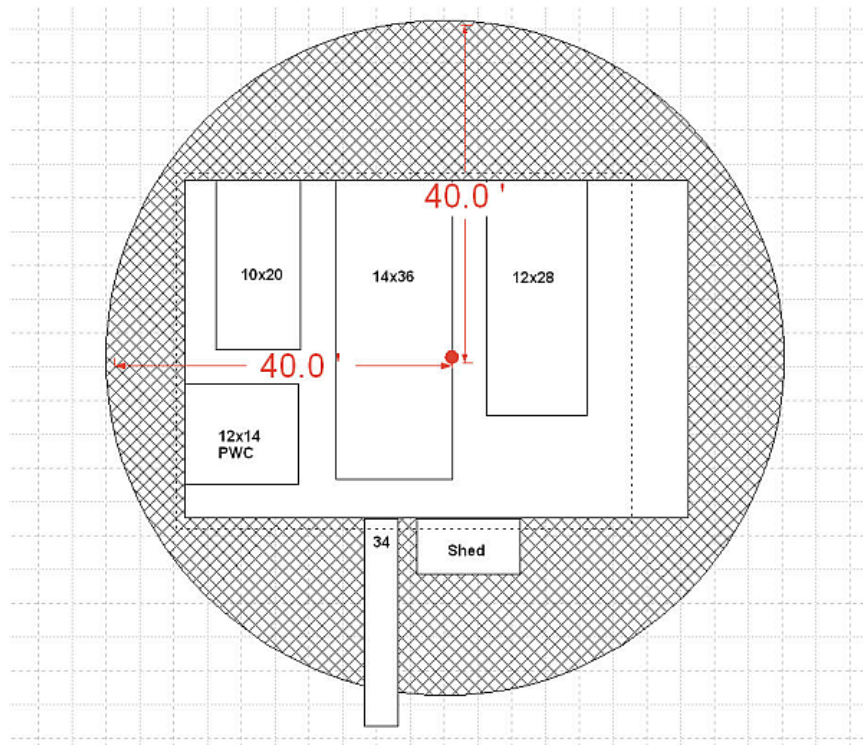
Keep detectors clean and test them regularly. Replace detectors immediately if they are not working properly. Electricity Detectors that do not work cannot alert you to dangerous electricity.

Before You Install Your Dock Lifeguard Unit

IMPORTANT! Read “Recommended Locations for Dock Lifeguard” and “Locations to Avoid for Detector” before beginning. This unit monitors AC and DC electricity in the water when it reaches its sensing probe. This unit can **ONLY** give detection if it is installed, maintained and located where stray electricity can reach it, and where all residents can hear it, as described in this manual. This unit cannot stop or prevent stray electricity.

Know Where to Install Your Detector

Dock Lifeguard has a radius range of approximately 40'. It is recommended that the Dock Lifeguard be centrally located with ease of view to ensure proper coverage of your dock. For commercial or oversized residential docks, it is recommended that multiple units be installed on the dock, keeping maximum distance between detectors to under 80'. Placement near under water bracing and anchor winch cabling should try be avoided, as stray electricity will find the easiest way to ground and these items may shield the probe from sensing the stray voltage.



Know What a Stray Electricity Detector Can and Cannot Do

A Stray Electricity Detector can alert you to stray electricity on or around your dock. It can only sound an alarm once electricity reaches the detection probe. See “Limitations of Stray Electricity Detectors” for details.

Caution

- Do not paint over the unit. Paint may clog the openings to the siren and prevent the unit from operating properly.
- Do not stand too close to unit when the alarm is sounding. It is loud to alert you in an emergency. Exposure to horn at close range may harm your hearing.

Recommended Locations for Dock Lifeguard

Install your Dock Lifeguard with an unobstructed view to allow viewing of the warning strobe when electricity is detected. Place in a location that is visible from the swimming area around your dock as well as being easily viewed from the dock and shore. When possible installation unit under roof.

Locations to Avoid for Detector

For best performance, it is recommended you AVOID installing Dock Lifeguard in these areas:

- Placement of probe directly next to an underwater brace or anchor cabling. The bracing and cables may reduce the range that the probe can reach.
- Avoid running probe sensing wire parallel to other wires to avoid cross coupling.

Quick Setup Guide

Installation Location

CAUTION: This alarm will only indicate the presence of electricity in the range of the sensor. Stray Electricity may be present in other areas.

IMPORTANT: Improper location can affect the sensitive electronic components in this alarm.

Sensing Probe Location

The Sensing Probe lead wire can be lengthened to allow for placement of the probe in the optimal location on your dock. It is suggest positioning the probe closer to the location under the dock where people are swimming or using the ladder.



Avoid running sensing wire parallel to other wires to avoid cross coupling.

Metal Floating Docks

Installation of Dock Lifeguard unit should be done by mounting the unit on a roof support system (Metal Post) under roof if possible near an outlet by

using metal screws installed through the upper and lower mounted points on the unit. Dock Lifeguard needs to be bonded to the safety ground system of the dock; this is accomplished through the green ground reference wire on lower installation point on the unit. It is recommended to bond the ground lead (green wire) of the Dock Lifeguard unit to the frame of the grounded dock and to the ground of the electrical system of the dock. **Note:** You must have a proper bond of the dock lifeguard green wire to the dock safety ground for correct operation.

Wood Pier Docks

Installation of Dock Lifeguard unit should be done by mounting the unit near an outlet under roof if possible by using screws installed through the upper and lower mounted points on the unit. Dock Lifeguard needs to be bonded to the safety ground system of the dock; this is accomplished through the lower installation point on the unit (green ground reference wire). It is recommended to connect the ground lead (green wire) of the Dock Lifeguard unit to the electric ground of the receptacle being used to power the Dock Lifeguard unit. A weep hole can be drilled at the bottom of the electrical box and then feed the **Note:** You must have a proper bond from the Dock Lifeguard to the dock safety ground.

Where not to install

Do not install in a location which would inhibit viewing the warning strobe or inside a shed which would muffle the sound of the warning siren.

Do not install probe directly next to a metal underwater structure such as underwater bracing, sea anchor cables or steel underwater dampening structures.

Regular Maintenance

This unit has been designed to be as maintenance free as possible, but there are a few simple things you can do to ensure its continued usefulness. For instance, the probe may gather algae after a long time in the water. Wiping it clean annually will ensure that the range of the probe stays as consistent as possible. In addition, testing the unit to ensure that all of the LED lights are working properly should be done regularly.

About Your Alarm

Test Button

Pressing and holding the Test button will initiate the unit into a test mode during which the siren will sound, the strobe will light, and the LED bar graph will display bars. If unit fails the test, check to ensure there is power to the unit. If the unit still fails, please contact Dock Lifeguard for a repair or replacement unit.

LED Display

The unique feature of your Dock Lifeguard device is its led bar display of the level of stray electricity.

The continuous digital display shows you the level of electricity the unit is sensing.

Siren Volume

The volume of the siren can be adjusted by twisting the clear plastic dial on the outside of the Red Light/Siren. Press the test button and twist dial to the desired level.

What to Do When Unit Alarms

Responding To an Alarm

During an alarm you will hear a loud, repeating horn pattern and the red strobe light will flash:

WARNING!

- If the unit alarms and you are not testing the unit, it is a warning of potentially dangerous situation that requires immediate attention. NEVER ignore any alarm. Ignoring the alarm may result in injury or death.

What to Do In Case Of Alarm

Someone in the Water

- Don't panic; stay calm.
- Don't touch the dock structure
- Swim away from the electrical source
- Do NOT jump in the water to help. Throw Life Preserver and instruct party to swim away from source. Parties may then be picked up by boat
- Do not swim to shore as this can be hazardous when stepping out of water to ground.

Out of the Water

- Don't panic;
- Proceed to Shore
- Kill Power to the dock via the circuit break on the shore
- Call 911 and your local electrician

WARNING!

Alarms have various limitations. See "Limitations of Stray Electricity Detectors" for details.

Calling a Qualified Electrician to Find and Repair the Problem

If the Dock Lifeguard units detects stray electricity in the water. Contact a local electrician that is familiar with local electrical codes on boat docks to diagnose and solve the problem.

If You Suspect a Problem

Dock Lifeguard may not operate properly because of faulty power supply or installation in an improper location. Clean the Dock Lifeguard as described in “Regular Maintenance”, then test the detector again. If it fails to test properly when you use the test button, or if the problem persists, replace the Dock Lifeguard unit immediately.

- If you experience frequent non-emergency alarms:
 - Check and Measure for electricity in the water
 - Verify proper for proper safety ground bonding of your dock.

Technical Information

Lethal Voltage is 2 volts AC per foot. The Dock Lifeguard units are setup to trigger at approximately 500 millivolts.

The following link is a reference to the USCG In-Water Shock Hazard Mitigation Strategies.

<http://www.boatus.com/seaworthy/assets/pdf/in-water-shock-hazard-mitigation-strategies.pdf>

Product Specifications

Sensitivity meter is in 125 millivolt levels. Sensitivity can be increased by setting jumpers on the mother board. Refer to YouTube video on the DockLifeguard.com website on how to set the jumpers.

How the Unit Determines When to Alarm

The Dock Lifeguard will trigger when stray electricity is detected in the water above the unit threshold of approximately 500 millivolts. This trigger sensitivity will increase with increased levels sensitivity via the sensitivity jumpers on the motherboard.

Limitations of Stray Electricity Detectors

A Stray Electricity Detector can play a key role in reducing deaths resulting from stray electricity. However, like any warning device, Dock Lifeguard can only work if it is properly located, installed, and maintained, and if stray electricity reaches it. They are not foolproof.

Dock Lifeguard cannot work without power. The Dock Lifeguard unit is powered with an AC power plug delivering DC power to the unit. In the case of AC power plug failure, the unit will be inoperable.

Dock Lifeguard cannot detect electricity if electricity does not reach the probe. Proper placement of the sensing probe on your dock is crucial to the detection of electricity in the water around your dock. Electricity is lazy, it will find the easiest path to ground. If the probe is located on the opposite side of a cable or brace, the stray electricity in the water may find its way to ground through the bracing or cabling and not reach the probe for the Dock Lifeguard to emit a warning. If you may want to install multiple units on the dock to insure proper coverage.

Dock Lifeguard may not be heard. Though the alarm horn in this units meets or exceeds current standards, it may not be heard if: 1) the unit is located inside a closed shed, 2) residents recently consumed alcohol or drugs, 3) the alarm is drowned out by noise from stereo, TV, traffic or other loud ambient noise, 4) residents are hearing impaired.

Stray Electricity Detectors are not foolproof. Like any electronic device, Dock Lifeguard is made of components that can wear out or fail at any time. You must test the unit weekly to ensure your continued protection. Dock Lifeguard cannot prevent leaking electricity from other sources. It is not a substitute for property or life insurance.

Current Detectors have a limited life. The unit should be replaced immediately if it is not operating properly.

Limited Warranty

Dock Lifeguard, LLC, the maker of Dock Lifeguard warrants that the following model be free from defects in material and workmanship:

Dock Lifeguard, LLC, at its option, will repair or replace this product or any component of the product found to be defective during the one-year warranty period. Replacement will be made with a new or remanufactured component of the product. If the product is no longer available, replacement may be made with a similar product of equal or greater value. This is your exclusive warranty.

This warranty is valid for the original retail purchaser from the date of initial retail purchase and is not transferable. Keep the original sales receipt. Proof of purchase is required to obtain warranty performance. Dock Lifeguard dealers, service centers, or retail stores selling Dock Lifeguard products do not have the right to alter, modify or any way change the terms and conditions of this warranty.

This warranty does not cover normal wear of parts or damage resulting from any of the following: neglect use or misuse of the product, use on improper voltage or current, use contrary to the operating instructions, disassembly, repair, or alteration by anyone other the Dock Lifeguard, LLC or an authorized service center. Further, the warranty does not cover Acts of God, such as fire, flood, hurricanes and tornadoes or any batteries that are included with this unit.

Dock Lifeguard, LLC shall not be liable for any incidental or consequential damages caused by the breach of any express or implied warranty. Except to the extent prohibited by applicable law, any implied warranty of merchantability or fitness of a particular purpose is limited in duration to the duration of the above warranty. Some states, provinces or jurisdictions do not allow the exclusion or limitation of incidental or consequential damages or limitation on how long a implied warranty lasts, so the above limitations or exclusion may not apply to you. This warranty gives you specific legal right, and you may also have other rights that vary from state to state or province to province.

Your Dock Lifeguard Alarm is not a substitute for property, disability, life or other insurance of any kind. Appropriate insurance coverage is your responsibility. Consult your insurance agent.

For Warranty Service: In many cases the quickest way to exchange your alarm is to return it to the original place of purchase. If you have questions, call the Dock Lifeguard customer service department at 1-573-434-6453 for assistance.

Frequently Asked Questions

How many detectors do I need on my Dock?

Dock Lifeguard will monitor for electricity in the water within a forty-foot radius from the sensing probe. For docks that are wider or longer than 80 feet it is recommended to install multiple detectors to ensure adequate coverage. If your dock has underwater cabling or a lot of steel underwater bracing more units may be needed to insure detection as these structures will reduce the detection range. Note: Range can vary upon the concentration of ions and minerals in the water.

My detector sounds when I turn on my boat lift control box?

When brushes for blower motors start to wear, they can leak electricity back to ground which is displayed on the Dock Lifeguard unit. Replacing worn blower motors should correct the issue.

Can the sensitivity be changed on the Dock Lifeguard Unit?

Yes, the Dock Lifeguard units have four levels of sensitivity which can be set by a qualified Dock Lifeguard technician.

In dry weather situations, I see a couple of the LEDs displayed on the unit, why?

Weak or improper bonding situations will be reported by the Dock Lifeguard units. Make sure the safety ground bonding system of your home and docks electrical system is up to code.

Upon installation, my unit is showing detection LEDs but I know my dock is wired correctly, why is this?

Most likely it is an improper bonding issue. Have your safety ground bonding system checked by a qualified electrician.

My unit shows several LED's lit, and I have checked my safety ground bonding system . where is the stray electricity coming from?

The Dock Lifeguard Unit is designed to detect any stray electricity whether it is at a lethal or non-lethal level. Below are listed a few scenarios which may add in determining where your stray electricity is coming from:

- **Dock De-Icers:** Water aerators placed in the water are susceptible to leaking stray electricity in the water. If your unit is detecting stray electricity around your dock, try isolating the De-Icer unit that is causing the problem by unplugging your or your neighbors De-Icer and seeing if the stray electricity goes away.